118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION	S.	
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To prevent the distribution of intimate visual depictions without consent.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Lee introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

## A BILL

To prevent the distribution of intimate visual depictions without consent.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Preventing Rampant Online Technological Exploitation
- 6 and Criminal Trafficking Act of 2024" or the "PRO-
- 7 TECT Act".
- 8 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 9 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Findings.
  - Sec. 3. Definitions.
  - Sec. 4. Severability clause.

# TITLE I—REGULATING THE UPLOADING OF PORNOGRAPHIC IMAGES TO ONLINE PLATFORMS

Sec. 101. Verification obligations of covered platform operators.

Sec. 102. Removal of images distributed without consent.

Sec. 103. Obligations of users.

#### TITLE II—ENFORCEMENT

Sec. 201. Civil enforcement.

Sec. 202. Criminal prohibition on nonconsensual distribution of intimate visual depictions.

### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

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2 Congress finds the following:

- (1) In the United States, reports of child sexual abuse material (referred to in this section as "CSAM") have grown exponentially in recent years, from 3,000 reports in 1998 to more than 1,000,000 in 2014 and 18,400,000 in 2018. The New York Times called it an "almost unfathomable" increase in criminal behavior.
- 10 (2) The National Center for Missing and Ex-11 ploited Children (referred to in this section as 12 "NCMEC"), which is based in the United States, re-13 corded more than 29,300,000 reports of suspected CSAM to its CyberTipline in 2021, the highest num-14 15 ber of reports ever received in a single year and a 16 35 percent increase from 2020. Those reports in-17 cluded 85,000,000 images, videos, and other files of 18 suspected CSAM and incident-related content.

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(3) Recent trends reported by NCMEC include increasingly graphic and violent sexual abuse images, and videos of infants and young children.

- (4) The Daily, a podcast hosted by the New York Times, reported in 2019 that CSAM had so overwhelmed law enforcement agencies in the United States that the Federal Bureau of Investigation, for example, had prioritized investigating material depicting infants and toddlers, not older children.
- (5) The COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in a surge in the online distribution of CSAM, which was remarkably high even before the pandemic. During the pandemic, NCMEC reported a 106 percent increase in the sharing of CSAM globally. The increased number of offenders exchanging CSAM during lockdowns has continued to stimulate demand for CSAM beyond the lockdowns.
- (6) Project Arachnid is a web platform administered by the Canadian Centre for Child Protection (referred to in this section as "C3P") that is designed to detect known images of CSAM and issue removal notices to electronic service providers when possible. C3P has reported, "It is a common misconception that CSAM and harmful-abusive content are relegated solely to the dark web.". In fact, 97

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percent of the illegal media detected by Project Arachnid hides in plain sight on the clear web on image or file hosting services, forums, content delivery networks, and both mainstream adult pornography websites, such as Pornhub, XVideos, OnlyFans, and YouPorn, and fringe adult pornography websites.

- (7) In 2021, NCMEC reported that a majority of CSAM reports, more than 29,157,083 out of 29,397,681, came from electronic service providers.
- (8) An alarming and increasing number of adults are being depicted in online pornography without their knowledge or consent. These individuals are often victims of sexual abuse, sex trafficking, rape, sexual exploitation, sextortion, and forms of image-based sexual abuse such as non-consensual distribution of sexually explicit material.
- (9) Most pornography websites do not effectively verify the age of the users who upload content to their platforms. Nor do these websites make an effort to effectively verify the age, consent, or identity of all individuals who are depicted in the pornographic content.
- (10) Pornography websites attract hundreds of millions of visitors daily. The 2 most-visited pornog-

raphy websites in 2023, for example, reported attracting more than 693,500,000 and 629,500,000 monthly users, respectively, each exceeding the traffic of Netflix, Twitter, Instagram, Pinterest, or

LinkedIn.

6 (11) Pornography websites profit from the con7 tent uploaded to their platforms, including content
8 that depicts or involves rape, child exploitation and
9 abuse, and sex trafficking. In 2019, 6 high-level in10 dividuals employed by an online pornographic dis11 tributor were convicted of sex trafficking. Over an

\$17,000,000 in revenue.

(12) Not only are high-ranking officers of pornography websites aware of the proliferation of

11-year period, that platform generated more than

CSAM material on their platforms, but they appear to knowingly decline to investigate reports of non-consensual or underage sexually explicit materials on the platforms. A 2021 lawsuit revealed that Pornhub's parent company Aylo, at the time known as MindGeed USA Incorporated, had a policy to only

review videos flagged for rape or sexual abuse if the video received at least 16 unique reports. If a video had 15 or fewer reports, Pornhub refused to inves-

tigate. Internal emails stated that as of May 27,

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2020, Pornhub had a backlog of 706,425 videos of possible rape or child sexual abuse with 15 or fewer reports. At the time of the lawsuit, only 1 out of Pornhub's 1,400 total employees was tasked with reviewing videos reported for violence or CSAM full-time. Pornhub's chief executive officer called these policies "good and reasonable".

(13) The ongoing exploitation of underage or nonconsenting individuals by highly visited pornography websites is evidenced by a recent series of successful lawsuits. One case, involving 22 victims of sex trafficking and fraud, concluded in a nearly \$13,000,000 verdict against a pornography content producer who coerced women and children into producing sexual content. Another 34 women, some of whom are victims of child sex trafficking, filed a lawsuit against a pornographic website for failing to take proper precautions to verify the content uploaded to its platform and monetizing the illegal content.

(14) The internet has revolutionized the pornography industry, making pornographic content incomparably more available, accessible, affordable, and anonymous than at any previous time in the history of the United States. Today, substantial majori-

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ties of teenagers have viewed pornography. A United States population-based probability study found that 84 percent of males and 57 percent of females between the ages of 14 and 18 have viewed pornography, belying the industry's faux status as so-called "adult entertainment". Moreover, pornography has contributed to the normalization of sexual violence among the youth of the United States. Numerous studies have demonstrated that viewing pornography harms youth, as it contributes to sexually violent attitudes and conduct towards children and adults and creates unrealistic expectations for intimate relationships. Additionally, research has demonstrated that the demand for online pornography has fueled an increase in purchasing sex from prostituted or sex trafficked individuals.

(15) The online pornography industry has remained unchecked and generally immune from regulations. Online creators and distributors of pornographic content should be held to standards that require informed and thorough consent as well as ageverification. Currently, no substantive laws govern consent in pornography, which has permitted rampant abuses to occur.

1	(16) Companies should not profit from the sex-
2	ual exploitation of children and adults. Requiring
3	pornographic websites to verify the age, consent, and
4	identity of individuals appearing in pornographic
5	content on their platforms would substantially curb
6	the rampant exploitation of all children and adults
7	online.
8	(17) The harms to victims of CSAM and image-
9	based sexual abuse are deep and enduring. Every
10	time an image or video of their exploitation is
11	shared, their abuse is repeated and amplified.
12	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
13	(a) In General.—In this Act:
14	(1) Coerced consent.—The term "coerced
15	consent" means purported consent obtained from a
16	person—
17	(A) through fraud, duress, misrepresenta-
18	tion, undue influence, or nondisclosure;
19	(B) who lacks capacity; or
20	(C) though exploiting or leveraging the
21	person's—
22	(i) immigration status;
23	(ii) pregnancy;
24	(iii) disability;
25	(iv) addiction;

1	(v) juvenile status; or
2	(vi) economic circumstances.
3	(2) Consent.—The term "consent"—
4	(A) means an agreement that is informed
5	and thorough; and
6	(B) does not include coerced consent.
7	(3) Covered Platform.—
8	(A) In General.—The term "covered
9	platform" means an interactive computer serv-
10	ice that hosts or makes available to the general
11	public pornographic images.
12	(B) Availability to public.—For pur-
13	poses of subparagraph (A), the availability of
14	pornographic images to a group of subscribers
15	shall be considered availability to the general
16	public if any member of the general public (sub-
17	ject to reasonable limitations) can obtain a sub-
18	scription.
19	(4) COVERED PLATFORM OPERATOR.—The
20	term "covered platform operator" means a provider
21	of a covered platform.
22	(5) Interactive computer service.—The
23	term "interactive computer service" has the meaning
24	given the term in section 230(f) of the Communica-
25	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230(f)).

1	(6) Intimate visual depiction.—The term
2	"intimate visual depiction" means any visual depic-
3	tion—
4	(A) of an individual who is reasonably
5	identifiable from the visual depiction itself or
6	information displayed in connection with the
7	visual depiction, including through—
8	(i) facial recognition;
9	(ii) an identifying marking on the in-
10	dividual, including a birthmark or piercing;
11	(iii) an identifying feature of the
12	background of the visual depiction;
13	(iv) voice matching; or
14	(v) written confirmation from an indi-
15	vidual who is responsible, in whole or in
16	part, for the creation or development of the
17	visual depiction; and
18	(B) in which—
19	(i) the individual depicted is engaging
20	in sexually explicit conduct; or
21	(ii) the naked genitals, anus, pubic
22	area, or post-pubescent female nipple of
23	the individual depicted are visible.
24	(7) Pornographic image.—The term "porno-
25	graphic image" means—

1	(A) any visual depiction of actual or
2	feigned sexually explicit conduct; or
3	(B) any intimate visual depiction.
4	(8) USER.—The term "user"—
5	(A) means an individual who is an infor-
6	mation content provider (as defined in section
7	230(f) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
8	U.S.C. 230(f))); and
9	(B) with respect to a covered platform
10	means an individual described in subparagraph
11	(A) who is responsible, in whole or in part, for
12	the creation or development of pornographic im-
13	ages hosted or made available by the covered
14	platform.
15	(b) Terms Defined in Section 2256 of Title 18,
16	UNITED STATES CODE.—For purposes of subsection
17	(a)—
18	(1) the term "computer" has the meaning given
19	the term in section 2256 of title 18, United States
20	Code;
21	(2) the term "sexually explicit conduct" has the
22	meaning given the term in section 2256(2)(A) of
23	title 18, United States Code; and
24	(3) the term "visual depiction" means a photo-
25	graph, film, video, or modified photograph, film, or

1	video, whether made or produced by electronic, me-
2	chanical, or other means.
3	SEC. 4. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE.
4	If any provision of this Act or an amendment made
5	by this Act, or the application of such a provision or
6	amendment to any person or circumstance, is held to be
7	unconstitutional, the remaining provisions of this Act and
8	amendments made by this Act, and the application of such
9	provisions and amendments to any other person or cir-
10	cumstance, shall not be affected thereby.
11	TITLE I—REGULATING THE
12	UPLOADING OF PORNO-
13	GRAPHIC IMAGES TO ONLINE
14	PLATFORMS
15	SEC. 101. VERIFICATION OBLIGATIONS OF COVERED PLAT-
16	FORM OPERATORS.
17	(a) Verification of Users.—
18	(1) In general.—A covered platform operator
19	may not upload or allow a user to upload a porno-
20	graphic image to the covered platform unless the op-
21	erator has verified, in accordance with paragraph
22	(2)—
23	(A) the identity of the user; and
24	(B) that the user is not less than 18 years
25	old.

1	(2) Means of compliance.—In carrying out
2	paragraph (1), a covered platform operator shall
3	verify the identity and age of a user by—
4	(A) requiring use of an adult access code
5	or adult personal identification number;
6	(B) accepting a digital certificate that
7	verifies age; or
8	(C) using any other reasonable measure of
9	age verification that the Attorney General has
10	determined to be feasible with available tech-
11	nology.
12	(3) Insufficient user confirmation.—
13	Merely requiring a user to confirm that the user is
14	not less than 18 years of age, without independent
15	means of verification, shall not satisfy the require-
16	ment under paragraph (1).
17	(b) Verification of Participants.—
18	(1) In general.—A covered platform operator
19	may not upload or allow a user to upload a porno-
20	graphic image to the covered platform unless the op-
21	erator has verified, in accordance with paragraph
22	(2), that each individual appearing in the porno-
23	graphic image—
24	(A) was not less than 18 years of age when
25	the pornographic image was created;

1	(B) has provided explicit written evidence
2	of consent for each sex act in which the indi-
3	vidual engaged during the creation of the por-
4	nographic image; and
5	(C) has provided explicit written consent
6	for the distribution of the specific pornographic
7	image.
8	(2) Separate consent for sex act and for
9	DISTRIBUTION OF IMAGE.—
10	(A) Consent for sex act.—Consent de-
11	scribed in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1)
12	does not imply or constitute evidence of consent
13	described in subparagraph (C) of that para-
14	graph.
15	(B) Consent for distribution of
16	IMAGE.—Consent described in subparagraph
17	(C) of paragraph (1) does not imply or con-
18	stitute evidence of consent described in sub-
19	paragraph (B) of that paragraph.
20	(3) Means of compliance.—In carrying out
21	paragraph (1), a covered platform operator shall ob-
22	tain, either from the user seeking to upload the por-
23	nographic image or through other means—
24	(A) a consent form created or approved by
25	the Attorney General under paragraph (4) from

1	each individual appearing in the pornographic
2	image that includes—
3	(i) the name, date of birth, and signa-
4	ture of the individual;
5	(ii) a statement that the individual is
6	not less than 18 years of age, unless no
7	reasonable person could conclude that the
8	individual is less than 30 years of age;
9	(iii) a statement that the consent is
10	for distribution of the specific porno-
11	graphic image;
12	(iv) the geographic area and medium
13	meaning online, print, or other distribution
14	method, for which the individual provides
15	consent to distribution of the pornographic
16	image;
17	(v) the duration of time for which the
18	individual provides consent to distribution
19	of the pornographic image;
20	(vi) a list of the specific sex acts that
21	the person agrees to engage in for the por-
22	nographic image; and
23	(vii) a statement that explains coerced
24	consent and that the individual has the

1	right to withdraw the individual's consent
2	at any time; and
3	(B) not less than 1 form of valid identi-
4	fication for each individual appearing in the
5	pornographic image—
6	(i) that—
7	(I) was issued by an agency of
8	the Federal Government or of a State,
9	local, or foreign government; and
10	(II) contains the name, date of
11	birth, signature, and photograph of
12	the individual; and
13	(ii) on which the name, date of birth,
14	and signature of the individual match the
15	name, date of birth, and signature of the
16	individual on the consent form required
17	under subparagraph (A).
18	(4) Creation and approval of consent
19	FORMS BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—
20	(A) ATTORNEY GENERAL CONSENT
21	FORM.—
22	(i) In general.—Not later than 60
23	days after the date of enactment of this
24	Act, the Attorney General shall create and

1	make available to the public a consent
2	form for purposes of paragraph (3)(A).
3	(ii) AVAILABILITY.—On and after the
4	date that is 90 days after the date of en-
5	actment of this Act, a covered platform op-
6	erator shall make the consent form created
7	under clause (i) available to users in both
8	written and electronic format.
9	(B) Approval of alternative consent
10	FORMS.—For purposes of paragraph (3)(A), a
11	user may submit to a covered platform an alter-
12	native consent form created by a user or cov-
13	ered platform operator if the alternative consent
14	form has been approved by the Attorney Gen-
15	eral.
16	(c) Effective Date; Applicability.—This section
17	shall—
18	(1) take effect on the date that is 90 days after
19	the date of enactment of this Act; and
20	(2) apply to any pornographic image uploaded
21	to a covered platform before, on, or after that effec-
22	tive date.
23	(d) Rules of Construction.—

1	(1) OBLIGATIONS AND CRIMINAL LIABILITY
2	UNDER OTHER LAWS.—Nothing in this section shall
3	be construed to—
4	(A) affect any obligation of a covered plat-
5	form under any other provision of Federal or
6	State law; or
7	(B) impact or otherwise limit the criminal
8	liability of a user or other individual under a
9	Federal or State obscenity law.
10	(2) First amendment-protected speech.—
11	Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit
12	or impose a prior restraint on speech that is pro-
13	tected by the First Amendment to the Constitution
14	of the United States.
15	SEC. 102. REMOVAL OF IMAGES DISTRIBUTED WITHOUT
16	CONSENT.
17	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
18	(1) AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE.—The term
19	"authorized representative", with respect to an indi-
	authorized representative, with respect to an indi-
20	vidual, means—
20 21	
	vidual, means—
21	vidual, means—  (A) a person authorized in writing under
21 22	vidual, means—  (A) a person authorized in writing under State or other applicable law by the individual

1	(B) in the case of an individual under the
2	age of 18, a parent or legal guardian of the in-
3	dividual.
4	(2) Eligible Person.—The term "eligible per-
5	son", with respect to a pornographic image uploaded
6	to a covered platform, means—
7	(A) an individual who appears in the por-
8	nographic image and has not provided consent
9	to, or has withdrawn consent in compliance
10	with the laws of the applicable jurisdiction for,
11	the distribution of the pornographic image;
12	(B) an authorized representative of an in-
13	dividual described in subparagraph (A); or
14	(C) a Federal, State, Tribal, or local law
15	enforcement officer acting pursuant to a valid
16	court order.
17	(b) MECHANISM FOR REMOVAL.—A covered platform
18	operator shall—
19	(1) establish a procedure for removing a porno-
20	graphic image from the covered platform at the re-
21	quest of a person; and
22	(2) designate 1 or more employees of the oper-
23	ator to be responsible for handling requests for re-
24	moval of pornographic images.

- 1 (c) Notice.—A covered platform operator shall dis-
- 2 play a prominently visible notice on the website or mobile
- 3 application of the covered platform that provides instruc-
- 4 tions on how a person can request the removal of a porno-
- 5 graphic image.

- 6 (d) Response to Requests for Removal.—
  - (1) Requests from eligible persons.—If a covered platform operator receives a request from an eligible person, through any request mechanism offered by the operator under subsection (b), to remove a pornographic image that is being hosted by the covered platform without the consent of an individual who appears in the pornographic image, the operator shall remove the pornographic image as quickly as possible, and in any event not later than 72 hours after receiving the request.
    - (2) Requests from Persons other than Eligible Persons.—If a covered platform operator receives a request from a person other than an eligible person, through any request mechanism offered by the operator under subsection (b), to remove a pornographic image that is being hosted by the covered platform without the consent of an individual who appears in the pornographic image, not later than 72 hours after receiving the request—

1	(A) the operator shall review the records of
2	the operator with respect to the pornographic
3	image to determine whether the pornographic
4	image was uploaded to the platform in accord-
5	ance with the verification requirements under
6	subsections (a) and (b) of section 101; and
7	(B) if the operator determines under sub-
8	paragraph (A) that the pornographic image was
9	not uploaded to the platform in accordance with
10	the verification requirements under subsections
11	(a) and (b) of section 101, the operator shall
12	remove the pornographic image.
13	(e) BLOCKING RE-UPLOADS.—In the case of a porno-
14	graphic image that has been removed from a covered plat-
15	form in accordance with this section, the covered platform
16	operator shall block the pornographic image, and any al-
17	tered or edited version of the pornographic image, from
18	being uploaded to the covered platform again.
19	(f) Effective Date; Applicability.—
20	(1) In general.—This section shall—
21	(A) except as provided in paragraph (2),
22	take effect on the date that is 90 days after the
23	date of enactment of this Act; and

1	(B) apply to any pornographic image
2	uploaded to a covered platform before, on, or
3	after that effective date.
4	(2) Blocking re-uploads.—Subsection (e)
5	shall take effect on the date that is 180 days after
6	the date of enactment of this Act.
7	SEC. 103. OBLIGATIONS OF USERS.
8	(a) Consent Requirement.—A user of a covered
9	platform may not upload a pornographic image of an indi-
10	vidual to the covered platform without the consent of the
11	individual.
12	(b) Determination of Consent.—For purposes of
13	subsection (a), whether an individual has provided consent
14	to the uploading of an image shall be determined in ac-
15	cordance with this Act and applicable State law.
16	TITLE II—ENFORCEMENT
17	SEC. 201. CIVIL ENFORCEMENT.
18	(a) Verification Obligations of Covered Plat-
19	FORM OPERATORS.—
20	(1) CIVIL PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO VERIFY
21	USERS.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General
23	may impose a civil penalty on any covered plat-
24	form operator that violates section 101(a) in an
25	amount of not more than \$10,000 for each day

1	during which a pornographic image remains on
2	the covered platform in violation of that section,
3	beginning 24 hours after the Attorney General
4	provides notice of the violation to the operator.
5	(B) Per-day and per-image basis.—A
6	civil penalty under subparagraph (A) shall ac-
7	crue on a per-day and per-image basis.
8	(C) Use of proceeds.—Notwithstanding
9	section 3302 of title 31, United States Code,
10	the Attorney General may use the proceeds
11	from a civil penalty collected under subpara-
12	graph (A) to carry out enforcement under this
13	section.
14	(2) Civil liability for failure to verify
15	PARTICIPANTS.—If a covered platform operator vio-
16	lates section 101(b) with respect to a pornographic
17	image, any person aggrieved by the violation may
18	bring a civil action against the covered platform op-
19	erator in an appropriate district court of the United
20	States for damages in an amount equal to the great-
21	er of—
22	(A) \$10,000 for each day during which a
23	pornographic image remains on the covered
24	platform in violation of that section, calculated
25	on a per-day and per-image basis; or

1	(B) actual damages.
2	(b) Removal of Images Distributed Without
3	Consent.—
4	(1) CIVIL PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO ESTAB-
5	LISH MECHANISM FOR REMOVAL.—
6	(A) In General.—The Attorney General
7	may impose a civil penalty on any covered plat-
8	form operator that violates section 102(b) in an
9	amount of not more than \$10,000 for each day
10	during which the covered platform remains in
11	violation of that section, beginning 24 hours
12	after the Attorney General provides notice of
13	the violation to the operator.
14	(B) Use of proceeds.—Notwithstanding
15	section 3302 of title 31, United States Code,
16	the Attorney General may use the proceeds
17	from a civil penalty collected under subpara-
18	graph (A) to carry out enforcement under this
19	section.
20	(2) CIVIL PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO DISPLAY
21	NOTICE OF MECHANISM FOR REMOVAL.—The Attor-
22	ney General may impose a civil penalty on any cov-
23	ered platform operator that violates section 102(c)
24	in an amount of not more than \$5,000 for each day
25	during which the covered platform remains in viola-

1	tion of that section, beginning 24 hours after the At-
2	torney General provides notice of the violation to the
3	operator.
4	(3) CIVIL LIABILITY FOR FAILURE TO MAKE
5	TIMELY REMOVAL.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—If a covered platform
7	operator violates section 102(d) with respect to
8	a pornographic image, any person aggrieved by
9	the violation may bring a civil action against
10	the covered platform operator in an appropriate
11	district court of the United States for damages
12	in an amount equal to the greater of—
13	(i) \$10,000 for each day during which
14	the pornographic image remains on the
15	covered platform in violation of that sec-
16	tion, calculated on a per-day and per-image
17	basis; or
18	(ii) actual damages.
19	(B) GOOD FAITH EXCEPTION.—
20	(i) In general.—A covered platform
21	operator shall not be liable under subpara-
22	graph (A) for a violation of section 102(d)
23	if, in allowing the upload of a pornographic
24	image to the covered platform, the oper-
25	ator reasonably relied on verification mate-

1 rials, in accordance with section 101(b)(3), 2 that were later found to be fraudulent, 3 provided that the operator removes the 4 pornographic image not later than 24 5 hours after discovering that the verification 6 materials are fraudulent. 7 (ii) Failure to remove.—If a cov-8 ered platform operator fails to remove a 9 pornographic image within 24 hours of dis-10 covering that the verification materials are 11 fraudulent, as described in clause (i), dam-12 ages under subparagraph (A)(i) shall be 13 calculated with respect to each day on or 14 after the date on which that 24-hour pe-15 riod expires. (4) CIVIL LIABILITY FOR FAILURE TO BLOCK 16 17 RE-UPLOADS.—If a covered platform operator vio-18 lates section 102(e) with respect to a pornographic 19 image, any person aggrieved by the violation may 20 bring a civil action against the covered platform op-21 erator in an appropriate district court of the United 22 States for damages in an amount equal to the great-23 er of—

1	(A) \$10,000 for each day during which the
2	pornographic image remains on the covered
3	platform in violation of that section; or
4	(B) actual damages.
5	(c) CIVIL LIABILITY FOR VIOLATION OF USER OBLI-
6	GATIONS.—If a user of a covered platform violates section
7	103 with respect to a pornographic image, any person ag-
8	grieved by the violation may bring a civil action against
9	the user in an appropriate district court of the United
10	States for damages in an amount equal to the greater of—
11	(1) \$10,000 for each day during which the por-
12	nographic image remains on the covered platform in
13	violation of that section, calculated on a per-day and
14	per-image basis; or
15	(2) actual damages.
16	(d) Relation to Communications Decency
17	Act.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect
18	section 230 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
19	U.S.C. 230).
20	SEC. 202. CRIMINAL PROHIBITION ON NONCONSENSUAL
21	DISTRIBUTION OF INTIMATE VISUAL DEPIC-
22	TIONS.
23	(a) In General.—Chapter 88 of title 18, United
24	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
25	lowing:

1 "§ 1802. Nonconsensual distribution of intimate vis-

2	ual depictions
3	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
4	"(1) Information content provider.—The
5	term 'information content provider' has the meaning
6	given the term in section 230(f) of the Communica-
7	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230(f)).
8	"(2) Interactive computer service.—The
9	term 'interactive computer service' has the meaning
10	given the term in section 230(f) of the Communica-
11	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230(f)).
12	"(3) Intimate visual depiction.—The term
13	'intimate visual depiction' means any visual depic-
14	tion—
15	"(A) of an individual who is reasonably
16	identifiable from the visual depiction itself or
17	information displayed in connection with the
18	visual depiction, including through—
19	"(i) facial recognition;
20	"(ii) an identifying marking on the in-
21	dividual, including a birthmark or piercing;
22	"(iii) an identifying feature of the
23	background of the visual depiction;
24	"(iv) voice matching; or
25	"(v) written confirmation from an in-
26	dividual who is responsible, in whole or in

1	part, for the creation or development of the
2	visual depiction; and
3	"(B) in which—
4	"(i) the individual depicted is engag-
5	ing in sexually explicit conduct; or
6	"(ii) the naked genitals, anus, pubic
7	area, or post-pubescent female nipple of
8	the individual depicted are visible and are
9	depicted with the objective intent to
10	arouse, titillate, or gratify the sexual de-
11	sires of a person.
12	"(4) SEXUALLY EXPLICIT CONDUCT.—The term
13	'sexually explicit conduct' has the meaning given
14	that term in section $2256(2)(A)$ .
15	"(5) VISUAL DEPICTION.—The term 'visual de-
16	piction' means a photograph, film, video, or modified
17	photograph, film, or video, whether made or pro-
18	duced by electronic, mechanical, or other means.
19	"(b) Offense.—Except as provided in subsection
20	(d), it shall be unlawful for any information content pro-
21	vider to knowingly use any interactive computer service
22	to publish an intimate visual depiction of an individual
23	with knowledge of or reckless disregard for—
24	"(1) the lack of consent of the individual to the
25	publication; and

1	"(2) the reasonable expectation of the indi-
2	vidual that the depiction would not be published
3	through an interactive computer service without the
4	individual's consent.
5	"(c) Penalty.—Any person who violates subsection
6	(b) shall be fined under this title, imprisoned for not more
7	than 5 years, or both.
8	"(d) Exceptions.—
9	"(1) Law enforcement, lawful reporting,
10	AND OTHER LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.—Subsection
11	(b)—
12	"(A) does not prohibit any lawful law en-
13	forcement, correctional, or intelligence activity;
14	"(B) shall not apply to an individual acting
15	in good faith to report unlawful activity or in
16	pursuance of a legal or other lawful obligation;
17	and
18	"(C) shall not apply to a document produc-
19	tion or filing associated with a legal proceeding.
20	"(2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
21	this subsection shall affect the liability protection
22	provided under section 230 of the Communications
23	Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230).
24	"(e) VENUE AND EXTRATERRITORIALITY.—

1	"(1) Venue.—A prosecution under this section
2	may be brought in a district in which—
3	"(A) the defendant or the depicted indi-
4	vidual resides; or
5	"(B) the intimate visual depiction is dis-
6	tributed or made available.
7	"(2) Extraterritoriality.—There is
8	extraterritorial Federal jurisdiction over an offense
9	under this section if the defendant or the depicted
10	individual is a citizen or permanent resident of the
11	United States.".
12	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
13	for chapter 88 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
14	by adding at the end the following:
	"1802. Nonconsensual distribution of intimate visual depictions.".